# SECTION 5 STEERING SYSTEM

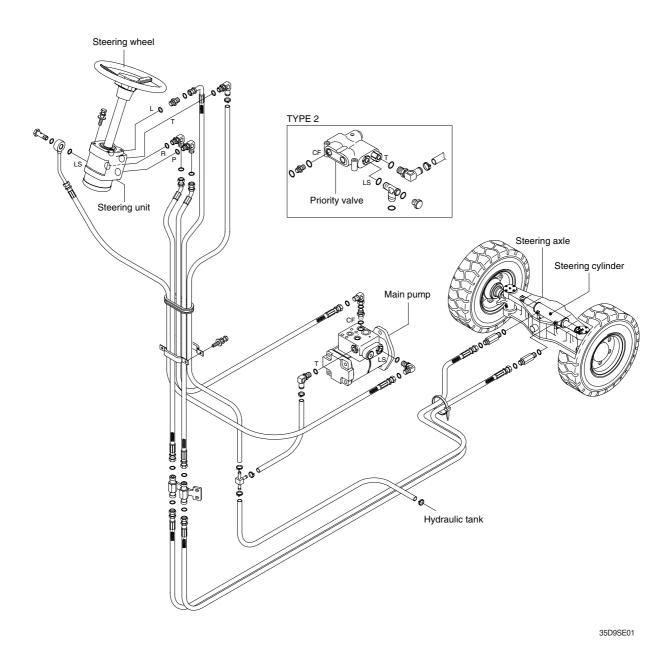
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Group	3	Disassembly and Assembly	5-14

# **SECTION 5 STEERING SYSTEM**

## **GROUP 1 STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION**

### 1. OUTLINE

intermediate link.

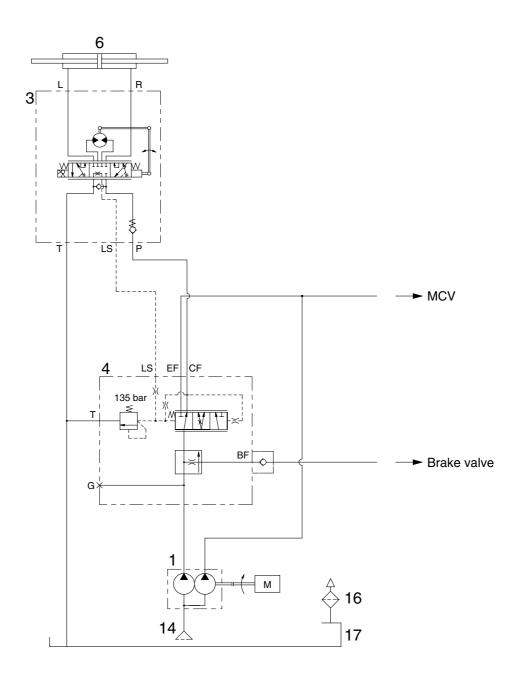


The steering system for this machine is composed of steering wheel assembly, steering unit, priority valve steering cylinder, steering axle and piping. The steering force given to the steering wheel enters the steering unit through the steering column. The required oil flow is sensed by the function of the control section of the unit, and pressurized oil delivered from the hydraulic pump is fed to the steering cylinder. The force produced by the steering cylinder moves the knuckle of steering tires through the

The axle body is unit structure having steering knuckles installed to its both ends by means of kingpins. Hub and wheel are mounted through bearing to spindle of knuckle.

### 2. HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT

· TYPE 1 (Pump with dual flow divider)

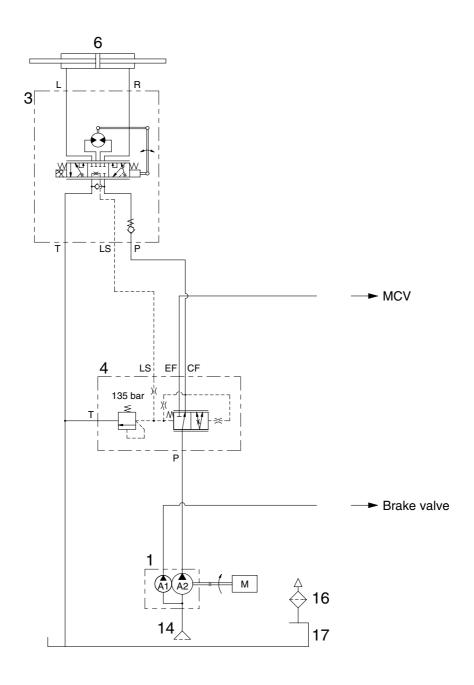


35D9SE02

- 1 Hydraulic gear pump
- 3 Steering unit
- 4 Dual flow divider
- 6 Steering cylinder

- 14 Suction filter
- 16 Air breather
- 17 Hydraulic tank

# · TYPE 2 (Pump without priority valve)



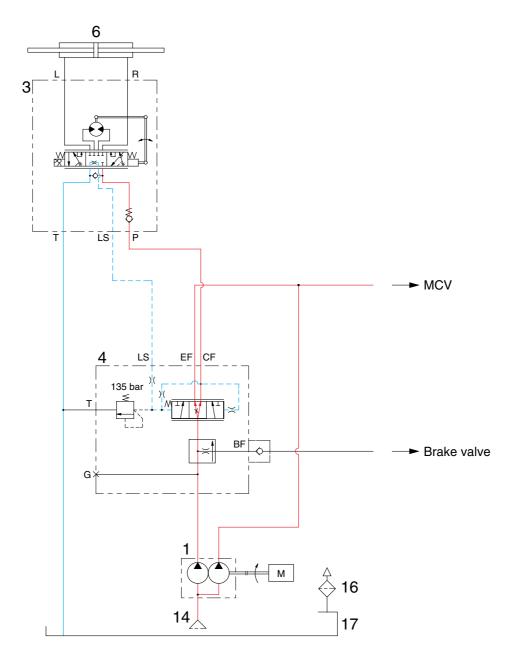
35D9SE02-1

- 1 Hydraulic gear pump
- 3 Steering unit
- 4 Priority valve
- 6 Steering cylinder

- 14 Suction filter
- 16 Air breather
- 17 Hydraulic tank

### 1) NEUTRAL

\* The operation explanations are based on the pump with dual flow divider.



35D9SE03

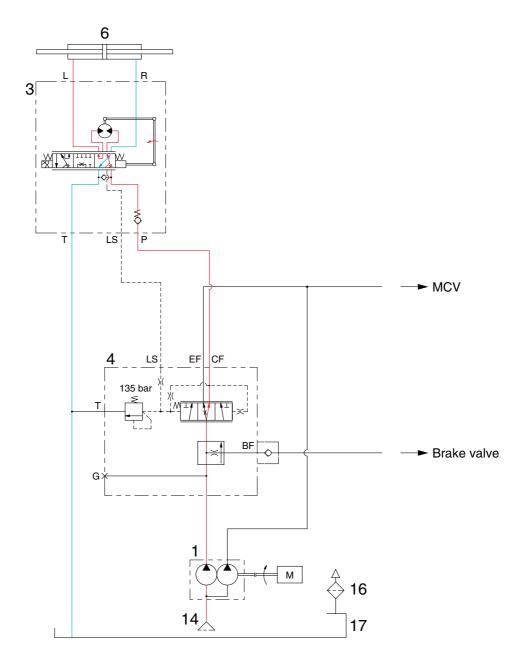
The steering wheel is not being operated, so control spool (G) does not move.

The oil from hydraulic gear pump (1) enters the port P of priority valve (4) and the inlet pressure oil moves the spool (D) to the left.

Oil flow into LS port to the hydraulic oil tank (17).

So, the pump flow is routed to the main control valve.

### 2) LEFT TURN



35D9SE04

When the steering wheel is turned to the left, the spool (G) within the steering unit (3) connected with steering column turns in left hand direction.

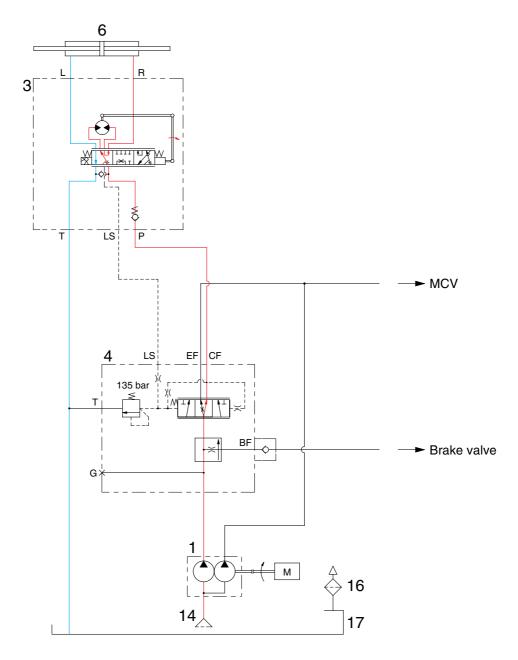
At this time, the oil discharged from the hydraulic gear pump flows into the spool (G) within the steering unit (3) through the spool (D) of priority valve (4) and flows the gerotor (H).

Oil flow from the gerotor (H) flows back into the spool (G) and it flows into the left work port (L).

Oil returned from cylinder returns to hydraulic tank (17) through the spool (G).

When the above operation is completed, the truck turns to the left.

### 3) RIGHT TURN



35D9SE05

When the steering wheel is turned to the right, the spool (G) within the steering unit (3) connected with steering column turns in right hand direction.

At this time, the oil discharged from the hydraulic gear pump flows into the spool (G) within the steering unit (3) through the spool (D) of priority valve (4) and flows the gerotor (H).

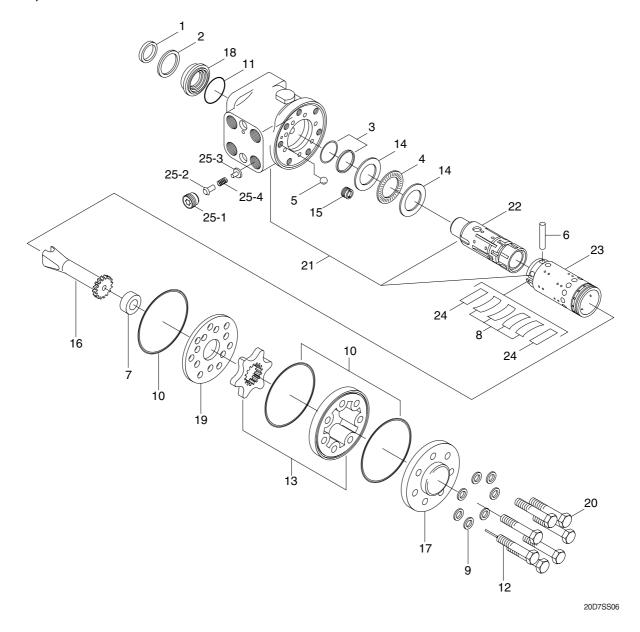
Oil flow from the gerotor (H) flows back into the spool (G) and it flows into out the right work port (R).

Oil returned from cylinder returns to hydraulic tank (17) through the spool (G).

When the above operation is completed, the truck turns to the right.

# 3. STEERING UNIT

# 1) STRUCTURE



1	Dust seal	11	O-ring	21	Housing
2	Retaining ring	12	Rolled screw	22	Spool
3	Cap seal	13	Gerotor set	23	Sleeve
4	Thrust bearing	14	Bearing race	24	Plate spring
5	Ball	15	Bore screw	25	P-port check valve
6	Pin	16	Drive	25-1	Plug
7	Spacer	17	End cap	25-2	Poppet
8	Center spring	18	Gland bushing	25-3	Spring seat
9	Washer	19	Plate	25-4	Spring
10	O-ring	20	Cap screw		

### 2) OPERATION

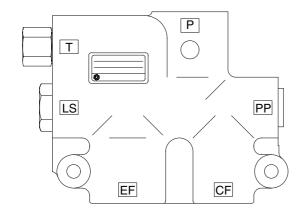
The steering unit is composed of the control valve (rotary valve) and the metering device. The control valve controls the flow of oil from the pump in the interior of the unit depending on the condition of the steering wheel. The metering device is a kind of hydraulic motor composed of a stator and a rotor. It meters the required oil volume, feeds the metered oil to the power cylinder and detects cylinder's motion value, that is, cylinder's motion rate.

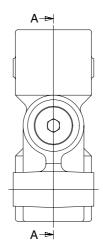
When the steering wheel is turned, the spool turns, the oil path is switched and the oil is fed into the metering device. As a result, the rotor is caused to run by oil pressure, and the sleeve is caused to run through the drive shaft and cross pin. Therefore, when the spool is turned, the spool turns by the same value in such a manner that it follows the motion of the spool. Steering motion can be accomplished when this operation is performed in a continuous state.

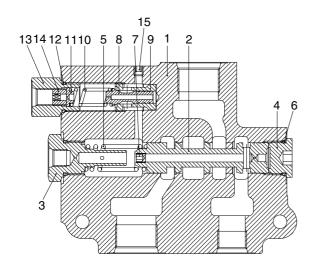
A If the hoses of the steering system are incorrectly connected, the steering wheel can turn very rapidly when the engine is started. Keep clear of the steering wheel when starting the engine.

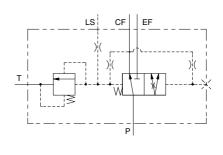
The centering spring for the spool and sleeve is provided to cause the valve to return to the neutral position. It is therefore possible to obtain a constant steering feeling, which is transmitted to the hands of the driver. Return to the center position occurs when the steering wheel is released.

## 4. PRIORITY VALVE









HYD. CIRCUIT

SECTION "A-A"

35D9SE05A

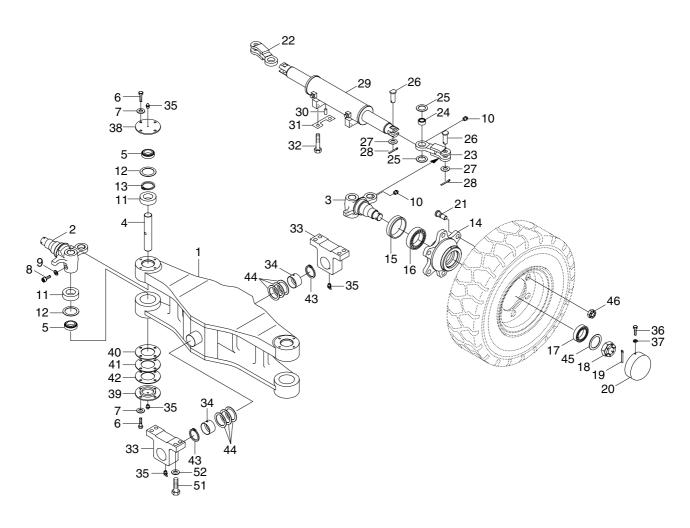
- Body
   Spool
- 3 Spring plug
- 4 End plug
- 5 Spring

- 6 O-ring
- 7 Orifice
- 8 Spool
- 9 Bushing
- 10 Spring

- 11 Orifice
- 12 O-ring
- 13 End plug
- 14 Control screw
- 15 Plug

## 5. STEERING AXLE

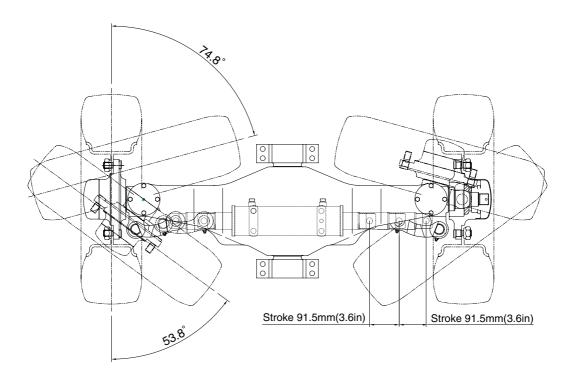
# 1) STRUCTURE

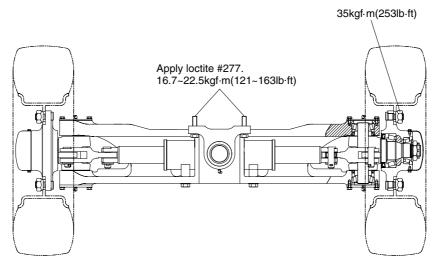


35D9SSE06

1	Axle center	13	Retaining ring	25	Thrust washer	37	Spring washer
2	Knuckle-RH	14	Hub	26	Clevis pin	38	Upper cover
3	Knuckle-LH	15	Oil seal	27	Plain washer	39	Lower cover
4	King pin	16	Taper roller bearing	28	Split pin	40	Shim (0.1t)
5	Taper roller bearing	17	Taper roller bearing	29	Steering cylinder	41	Shim (0.15t)
6	Hexagon bolt	18	Slotted nut	30	Pin	42	Shim (0.3t)
7	Spring washer	19	Split pin	31	Lock plate	43	Retaining ring
8	Special bolt	20	Hub cap	32	Hexagon bolt	44	Shim (0.5t)
9	Spring washer	21	Serration bolt	33	Support	45	Plain washer
10	Grease nipple	22	Link-RH	34	Bushing	46	Hub nut
11	Collar	23	Link-LH	35	Grease nipple	51	Hexagon bolt
12	Oil seal	24	SPH plain bearing	36	Hexagon bolt	52	Spring washer

### 2) GREASING AND SPECIFICATION





35DS7SE07

Туре	Unit	Center pin support single shaft
Structure of knuckle	-	Elliott type
Toe-in	degree	0
Camber	degree	0
Caster	degree	0
King pin angle	degree	0
Max steering angle of wheels(Inside/Outside)	degree	74.8/53.8
Tread	mm (ft·in)	1140 (3' 9")

# GROUP 2 OPERATIONAL CHECKS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

## 1. OPERATIONAL CHECKS

Check item	Checking procedure							
Steering wheel 30-60mm (1.2-2.4 in)	M R g	<ul> <li>Set rear wheels facing straight forward, then turn steering wheel to left and right.         Measure range of steering wheel movement before rear wheel starts to move.         Range should be 30~60 mm at rin of steering wheel. If play is too large, adjust at gear box.         Test steering wheel play with engine at idling.</li> </ul>						
Knuckle	Check knuckle visually or use crack detection method. If the knuckle is bent, the tire wear is uneven, so check tire wear.							
Steering axle	<ul> <li>Put camber gauge in contact with hub and measure camber. If camber is not within 0±0.5°; rear axle is bent.</li> <li>Ask assistant to drive machine at minimum turning radius.</li> <li>Fit bar and a piece of chalk at outside edge of counterweight to mark line of turning radius.</li> <li>If minimum turning radius is not within±100 mm (±4 in)of specified value, adjust turning angle stopper bolt. Min turning radius (Outside)</li> <li>35D-9 3006 mm (118 in) 45D-9 3040 mm (120 in)</li> <li>40D-9 3005 mm (118 in) 50DA-9 3040 mm (120 in)</li> </ul>							
Hydraulic pressure of	Remove screw coupling from CF port of priority valve and install oil pressure gauge.							
power steering		Turn steering wheel fully and check oil pressure.  ** Oil pressure : 135 kgf/cm² (1920 psi)						

### 2. TROUBLESHOOTING

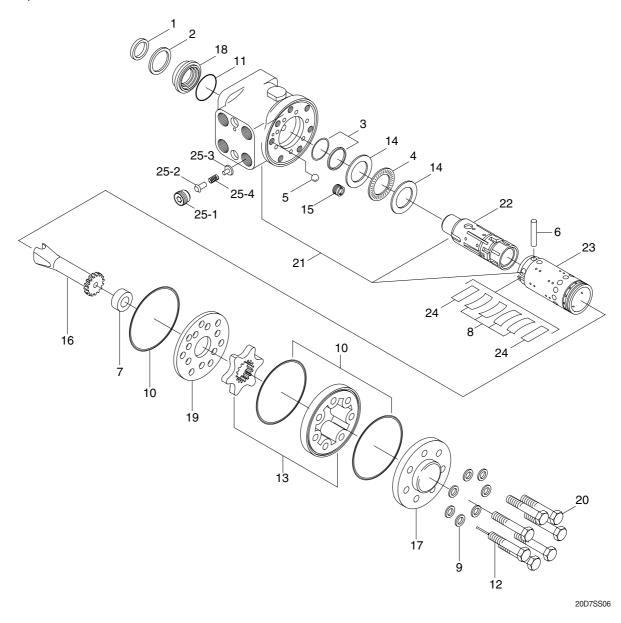
Problem	cause	Remedy
Steering wheel drags.	· Low oil pressure.	· Check lockout. Repair.
	· Bearing faulty.	· Clean or replace.
	Spring spool faulty.	· Clean or replace.
	· Reaction plunger faulty.	· Replace.
	· Ball-and-screw assembly faulty.	· Clean or replace.
	Sector shaft adjusting screw excessively tight.	· Adjust.
	· Gears poorly meshing.	· Check and correct meshing.
	Flow divider coil spring fatigued.	· Replace.
Steering wheel fails to return	· Bearing faulty.	· Clean or replace.
smoothly.	· Reaction plunger faulty.	· Replace.
	· Ball-and-screw assy faulty	· Clean or replace.
	· Gears poorly meshing.	· Check and correct meshing.

Problem	cause	Remedy
Steering wheel turns unstea-	· Lockout loosening.	· Retighten.
dily.	· Metal spring deteriorated.	· Replace.
Steering system makes abn-	· Gear backlash out of adjustment.	· Adjust.
ormal sound or vibration.	· Lockout loosening.	· Retighten.
	· Air in oil circuit.	· Bleed air.
Abnormal sound heard when	Valve	
steering wheel is turned fully	· Faulty. (Valve fails to open.)	· Adjust valve set pressure and check
	Piping	for specified oil pressure.
	Pipe (from pump to power steering	· Repair or replace.
	cylinder) dented or clogged.	Hopaii of Topiaco.
Piping makes abnormal	Oil pump	
sounds.	· Lack of oil.	· Add oil.
	· Oil inlet pipe sucks air.	· Repair.
	Insufficient air bleeding.	Bleed air completely.
Valve or valve unit makes	Oil pump	. ,
abnormal sounds.	· Oil inlet pipe sucks air.	· Repair or replace.
	Valve	
	· Faulty. (Unbalance oil pressure)	· Adjust valve set pressure and check
	Piping	specified oil pressure.
	Pipe (from pump to power steering)	· Repair or replace.
	dented or clogged.	130,000
	Insufficient air bleeding.	· Bleed air completely.
Insufficient or variable oil flow.	Flow control valve orifice clogged.	· Clean
Insufficient or variable dischar-	Piping	
ge pressure.	Pipe (from tank to pipe) dented or	· Repair or replace.
	clogged.	
Steering cylinder head	· Packing foreign material.	· Replace
leakage (Piston rod)	· Piston rod damage.	· Grind surface with oil stone.
	· Rod seal damage and distortion.	· Replace
	· Chrome gilding damage.	· Grind
Steering cylinder head thread	· O-ring damage.	· Replace
(A little bit leak is no problem)		
Welding leakage	· Cylinder tube damage.	· Tube replace.
Rod	· Tube inside damage.	· Grind surface with oil store.
	· Piston seal damage and distortion	· Replace
Piston rod bushing inner	· Bushing wear.	· Replace
diameter excessive gap		

## **GROUP 3 DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY**

### 1. STEERING UNIT

### 1) STRUCTURE



1	Dust seal	
2	Retaining ring	
3	Cap seal	
4	Thrust bearing	
5	Ball	
6	Pin	
7	Spacer	
8	Center spring	

9 Washer

10 O-ring

11 O-ring

12 Rolled screw

13 Gerotor set

14 Bearing race

Bore screw 15

16 Drive

17 End cap

Gland bushing 18

19 Plate

20 Cap screw 21 Housing

22 Spool

23 Sleeve

24 Plate spring

P-port check valve 25

25-1 Plug

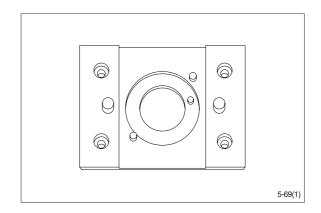
25-2 Poppet

25-3 Spring seat

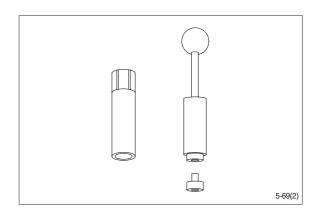
25-4 Spring

# 2) TOOLS

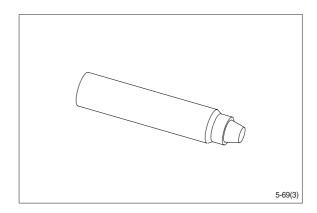
(1) Holding tool.



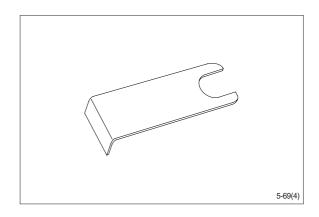
(2) Assembly tool for O-ring and kin-ring.



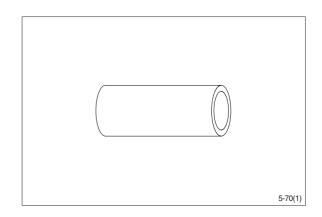
(3) Assembly tool for lip seal.



(4) Assembly tool for cardan shaft.



### (5) Assembly tool for dust seal.



# (6) Torque wrench $0 \sim 7.1 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ $(0 \sim 54.4 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$

13 mm socket spanner

6,8 mm and 12 mm hexagon sockets

12 mm screwdriver

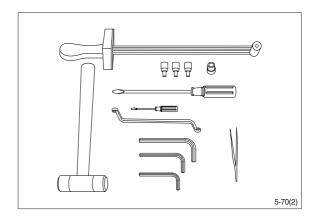
2 mm screwdriver

13 mm ring spanner

6, 8 and 12 mm hexagon socket spanners

Plastic hammer

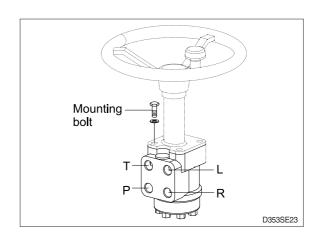
**Tweezers** 



## 3) TIGHTENING TORQUE

L : Left port R : Right port T : Tank

P:Pump

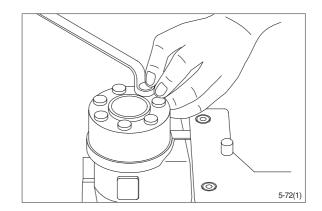


Port	Size	Torque [kgf · m (lbf · ft)]
L	3/4 UNF - 16	6.1 ±0.6 (44.1±4.3)
R	3/4 UNF - 16	6.1 ±0.6 (44.1±4.3)
Т	3/4 UNF - 16	6.1 ±0.6 (44.1±4.3)
Р	3/4 UNF - 16	6.1 ±0.6 (44.1±4.3)
Mounting bolt	M10×1.5	4.0 ±0.5 (29±3.6)

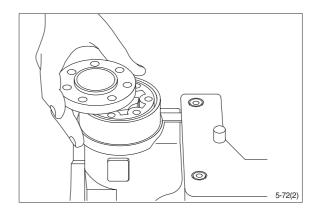
### 4) DISASSEMBLY

(1) Disassemble steering column from steering unit and place the steering unit in the holding tool.

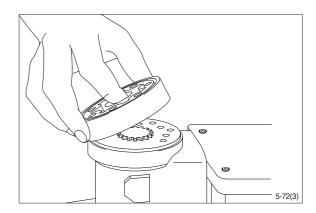
Screw out the screws in the end cover (6-off plus one special screw).



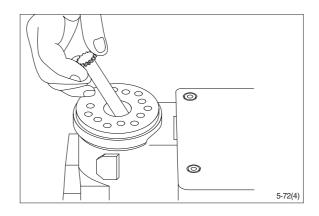
(2) Remove the end cover, sideways.



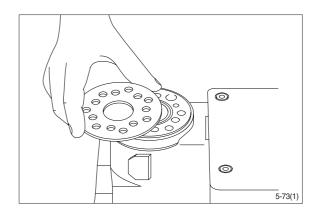
(3) Lift the gearwheel set (With spacer if fitted) off the unit. Take out the two O-rings.



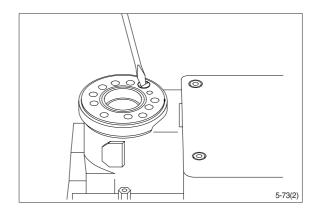
(4) Remove cardan shaft.



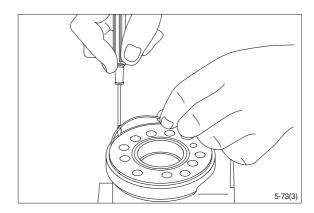
(5) Remove distributor plate.



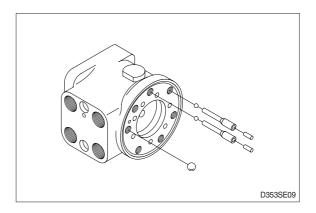
(6) Screw out the threaded bush over the check valve.



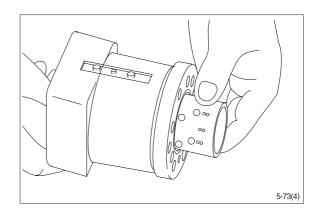
(7) Remove O-ring.



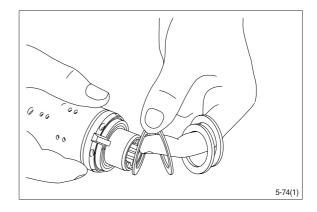
(8) Shake out the check valve ball and suction valve pins and balls.



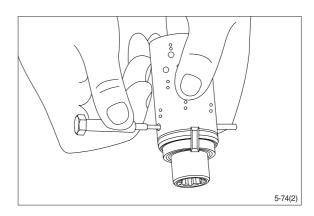
(9) Take care to keep the cross pin in the sleeve and spool horizontal. The pin can be seen through the open end of the spool. Press the spool inwards and the sleeve, ring, bearing races and thrust bearing will be pushed out of the housing together.



(10) Take ring, bearing races and thrust bearing from sleeve and spool. The outer (Thin) bearing race can sometimes "stick" in the housing, therefore check that it has come out.

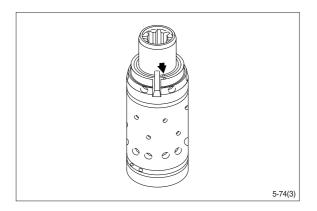


(11) Press out the cross pin. Use the special screw from the end cover.

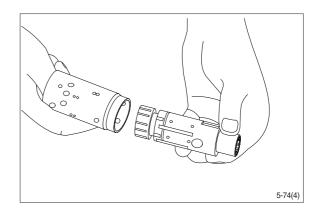


\* A small mark has been made with a pumice stone on both spool and sleeve close to one of the slots for the neutral position springs (See drawing).

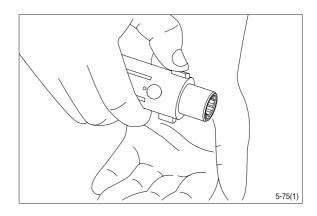
If the mark is not visible, remember to leave a mark of your own on sleeve and spool before the neutral position springs are disassembled.



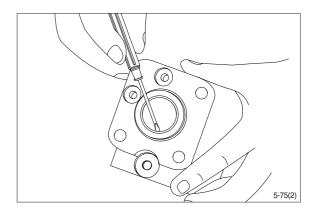
(12) Carefully press the spool out of the sleeve.



(13) Press the neutral position springs out of their slots in the spool.



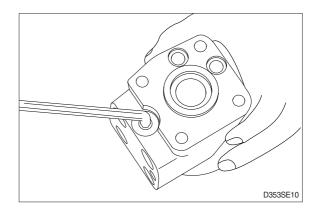
(14) Remove dust seal and O-ring.



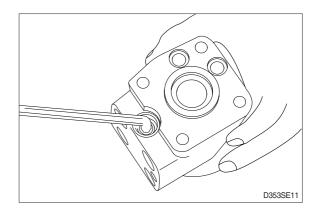
## Disassembling the pressure relief valve

(15) Screw out the plug using an 8mm hexagon socket spanner.

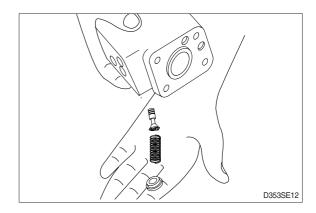
Remove seal washers.



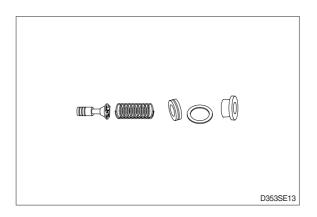
(16) Unscrew the setting screw using an 8mm hexagon socket spanner.



(17) Shake out spring and piston. The valve seat is bonded into the housing and cannot be removed.

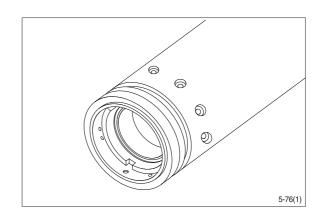


(18) The pressure relief valve is now disassembled.



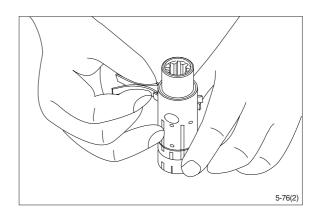
### 5) ASSEMBLY

- (1) Assemble spool and sleeve.
- When assembling spool and sleeve only one of two possible ways of positioning the spring slots is correct. There are three slots in the spool and three holes in the sleeve in the end of the spool / sleeve opposite to the end with spring slots. Place the slots and holes opposite each other so that parts of the holes in the sleeve are visible through the slots in the spool.

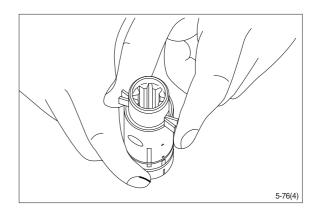


(2) Place the two flat neutral position springs in the slot.

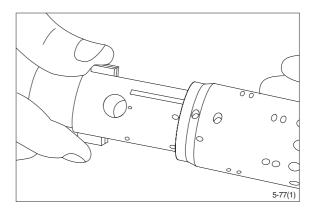
Place the curved springs between the flat ones and press them into place (see assembly pattern).



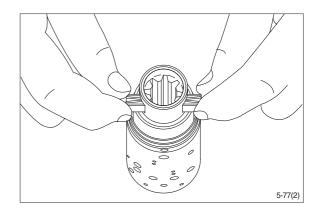
(3) Line up the spring set.



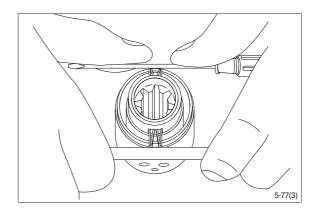
(4) Guide the spool into the sleeve. Make sure that spool and sleeve are placed correctly in relation to each other.



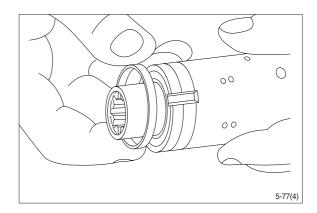
(5) Press the springs together and push the neutral position springs into place in the sleeve.



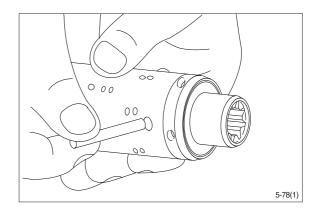
(6) Line up the springs and center them.



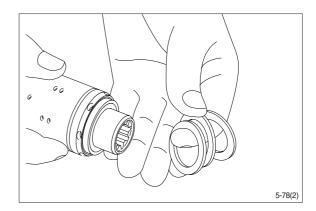
- (7) Guide the ring down over the sleeve.
- \* The ring should be able to rotate free of the springs.



(8) Fit the cross pin into the spool / sleeve.

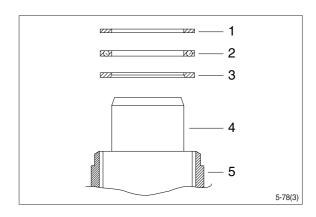


(9) Fit bearing races and needle bearing as shown on below drawing.



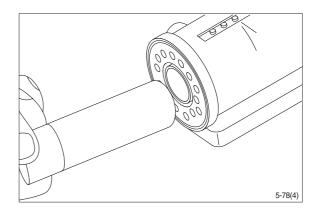
## \* Assembly pattern for standard bearings

- 1 Outer bearing race
- 2 Thrust bearing
- 3 Inner bearing race
- 4 Spool
- 5 Sleeve

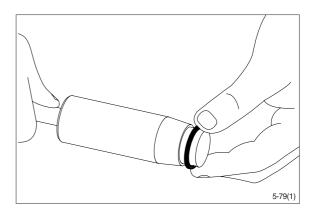


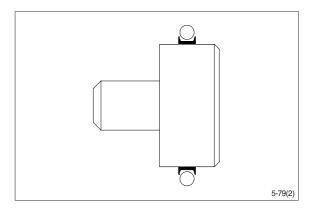
### Installation instruction for O-ring

(10) Turn the steering unit until the bore is horizontal. Guide the outer part of the assembly tool into the bore for the spool / sleeve.

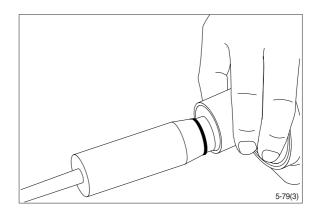


(11) Grease O-ring with hydraulic oil and place them on the tool.

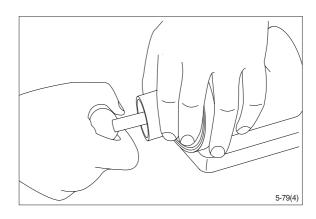




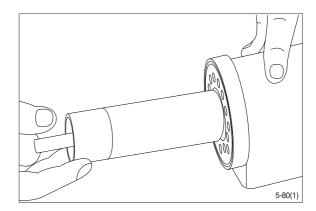
(12) Hold the outer part of the assembly tool in the bottom of the steering unit housing and guide the inner part of the tool right to the bottom.



(13) Press and turn the O-ring into position in the housing.

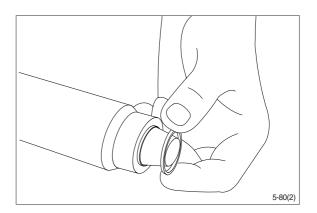


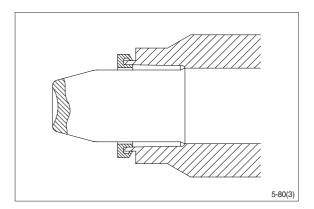
(14) Draw the inner and outer parts of the assembly tool out of the steering unit bore, leaving the guide from the inner part in the bore.



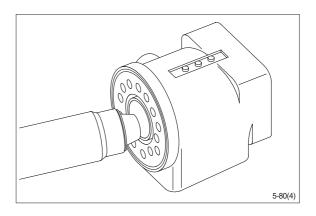
## Installation instructions for lip seal

(15) Lubricate the lip seal with hydraulic oil and place it on the assembly tool.

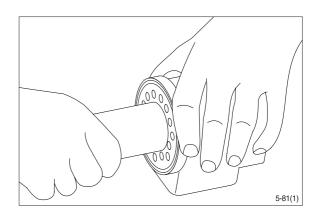




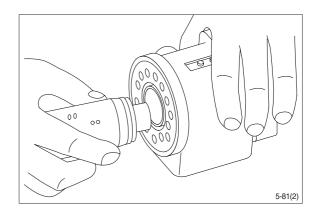
(16) Guide the assembly tool right to the bottom.



(17) Press and turn the lip seal into place in the housing.

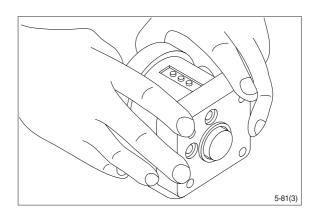


- (18) With a light turning movement, guide the spool and sleeve into the bore.
- \* Fit the spool set holding the cross pin horizontal.

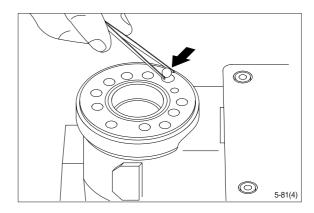


(19) The spool set will push out the assembly tool guide.

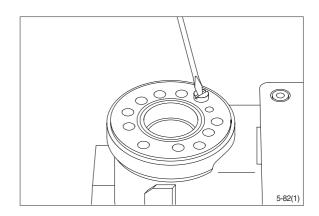
The O-ring are now in position.



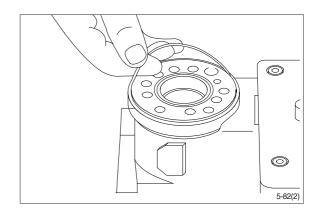
(20) Turn the steering unit until the bore is vertical again. Put the check valve ball into the hole indicated by the arrow.



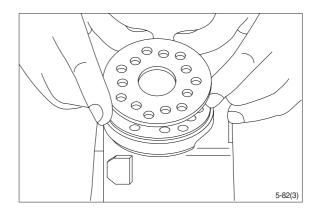
(21) Screw the threaded bush lightly into the check valve bore. The top of the bush must lie just below the surface of the housing.



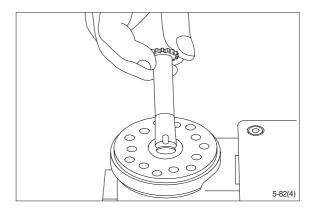
(22) Grease the O-ring with mineral oil approx. viscosity 500 cSt at 20°C.



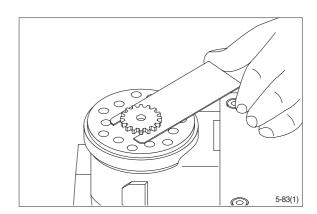
(23) Place the distributor plate so that the channel holes match the holes in the housing.



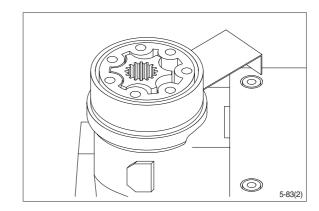
(24) Guide the cardan shaft down into the bore so that the slot is parallel with the connection flange.



(25) Place the cardan shaft as shown - so that it is held in position by the mounting fork.



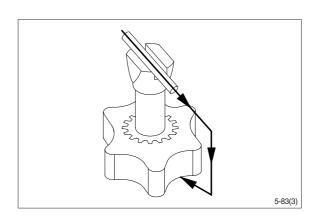
(26) Grease the two O-rings with mineral oil approx. viscosity 500 cSt at 20°C and place them in the two grooves in the gear rim. Fit the gearwheel and rim on the cardan shaft.



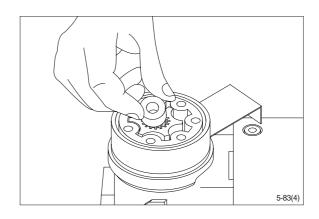
### (27) Important

Fit the gearwheel (Rotor) and cardan shaft so that a tooth base in the rotor is positioned in relation to the shaft slot as shown.

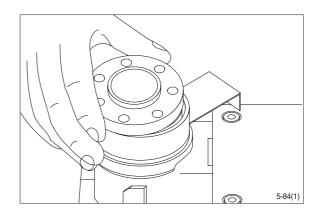
Turn the gear rim so that the seven through holes match the holes in the housing.



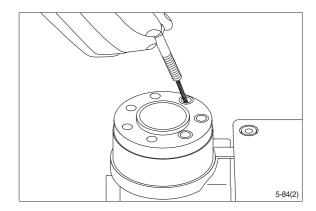
(28) Fit the spacer, if any.



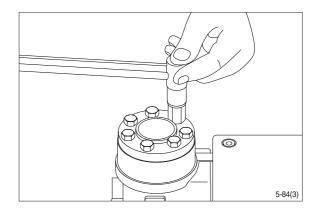
(29) Place the end cover in position.



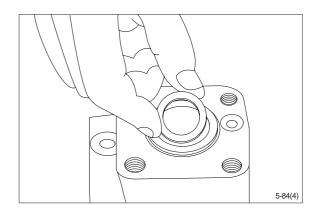
(30) Fit the special screw with washer and place it in the hole shown.



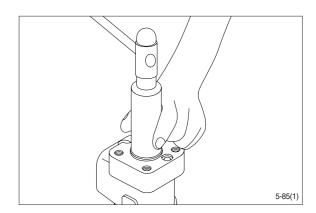
- (31) Fit the six screws with washers and insert them. Cross-tighten all the screws and the rolled pin.
  - $\cdot$  Tightening torque : 4.0  $\pm$  0.5 kgf  $\cdot$  m (28.9  $\pm$  3.6 lbf  $\cdot$  ft)



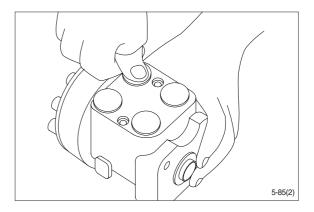
(32) Place the dust seal ring in the housing.



(33) Fit the dust seal ring in the housing.

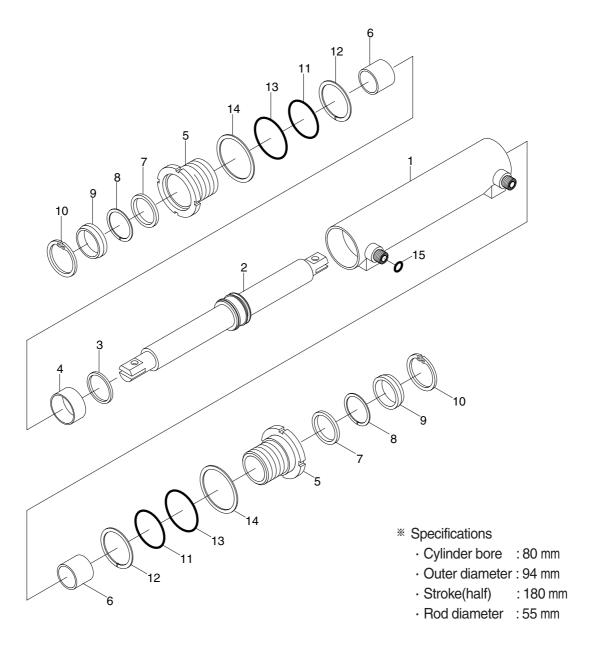


- (34) Press the plastic plugs into the connection ports.
- \* Do not use a hammer!



## 2. STEERING CYLINDER

# 1) STRUCTURE



D357SE21

1	Tube assy	6	DU bushing	11	O-ring
2	Rod assy	7	Rod seal	12	Back up ring
3	Piston seal	8	Back up ring	13	O-ring
4	Wear ring	9	Dust wiper	14	Lock washer
5	Gland	10	Snap ring	15	O-ring

### 2) DISASSEMBLY

- \* Before disassembling steering cylinder, release oil in the cylinder first.
- (1) Put wooden blocks against the cylinder tube, then hold in & vice.
- (2) Remove the cover by hook a wrench in the notch of cylinder head and turn counter-clockwise.
- (3) Remove the cylinder rod and piston from the tube.
- (4) Check wear condition of the sealing parts (O-ring, oil seal, dust seal, U-packing, bush). If there are some damage, replace with new parts.

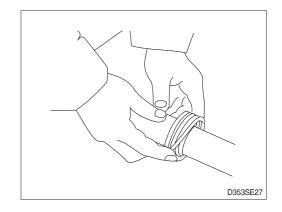
### 3) CHECK AND INSPECTION

mm (in)

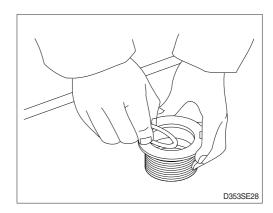
Chook itom	Crit	Damadu	
Check item	Standard size Repair limit		Remedy
Clearance between piston & cylinder tube	0.05~0.25 (0.002~0.01)	0.4 (0.02)	Replace piston seal
Clearance between cylinder rod & bushing	0.05~0.18		Replace bushing
Seals, O-ring	Dan	Replace	
Cylinder rod	De	Replace	
Cylinder tube	Bit	Replace	

### 4) ASSEMBLY

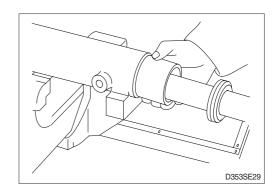
- (1) Install a new piston seal around the groove on the piston.
- \*\* Be careful not to scratch the seal too much during installation or it could not be seated properly.



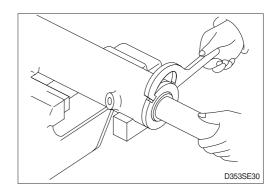
(2) Install the rod seal to the position in the gland applying a slight coat with grease prior to install.



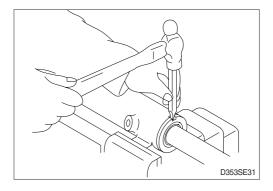
- (3) Install the dust wiper to the gland using a special installing tool. Coat the dust wiper with grease slightly before installing.
- (4) Using a special tool, install gland assembly into the cylinder tube.



(5) Using a hook spanner, install the gland assembly, and tighten it with torque  $60\pm6$  kgf·m ( $434\pm43$  lbf·ft).



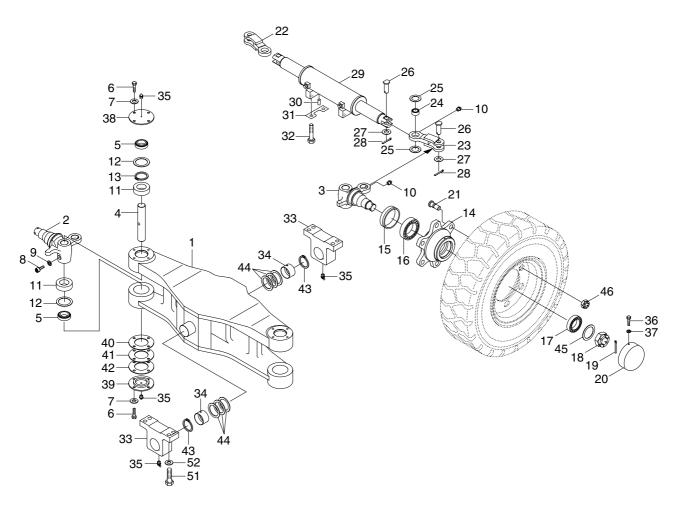
- (6) After the gland assembly was installed to the cylinder tube, calk at the tube end into the groove on the gland to prevent screw loosening.
- \* If it is needed to calk again, never calk on the same place.



- (7) Move the piston rod back and forth several times for the full distance of its stroke. This helps to seat the ring and seals before applying full hydraulic pressure to the cylinder.
- (8) Install cylinder into trail axle.
- (9) While idling the engine with the rear wheels off the ground, operate the steering wheel left and right alternately.
- \* Then, repeat the above operation at gradually increasing engine rpm. This releases air from the system and completes preparation for operation.
- (10) Stop the engine, lower the floating rear wheels, and check pump joints for oil leaks and looseness and retighten, them as required.

# 3. STEERING AXLE

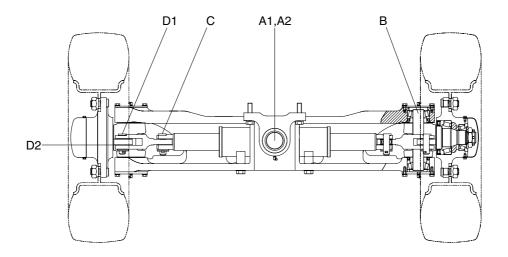
# 1) STRUCTURE



35D9SE06

1	Axle center	13	Retaining ring	25	Thrust washer	37	Spring washer
2	Knuckle-RH	14	Hub	26	Clevis pin	38	Upper cover
3	Knuckle-LH	15	Oil seal	27	Plain washer	39	Lower cover
4	King pin	16	Taper roller bearing	28	Split pin	40	Shim (0.1t)
5	Taper roller bearing	17	Taper roller bearing	29	Steering cylinder	41	Shim (0.15t)
6	Hexagon bolt	18	Slotted nut	30	Pin	42	Shim (0.3t)
7	Spring washer	19	Split pin	31	Lock plate	43	Retaining ring
8	Special bolt	20	Hub cap	32	Hexagon bolt	44	Shim (0.5t)
9	Spring washer	21	Serration bolt	33	Support	45	Plain washer
10	Grease nipple	22	Link-RH	34	Bushing	46	Hub nut
11	Collar	23	Link-LH	35	Grease nipple	51	Hexagon bolt
12	Oil seal	24	SPH plain bearing	36	Hexagon bolt	52	Spring washer

# 2) CHECK AND INSPECTION



35DS7SE08

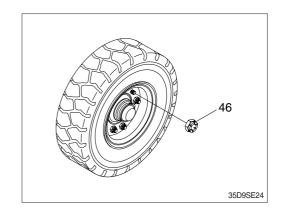
unit: mm (in)

No.	Check item		Criteria		Domody	
			Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy	
А	Shaft	A1	OD of shaft	55 (2.2)	54.5 (2.1)	Replace
		A2	ID of bushing	55 (2.2)	55.5 (2.2)	
В	OD of king pin			35 (1.4)	34.5 (1.4)	
С	OD of steering cylinder pin			20 (0.8)	19.5 (0.8)	
D	Knuckle	D1	OD of pin	20 (0.8)	19.5 (0.8)	
		D2	Vertical play	-	-	Adjust with shims

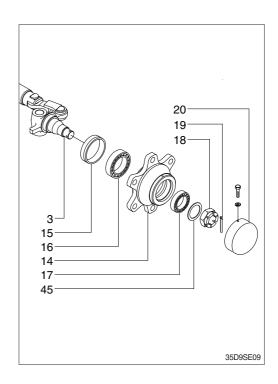
 $\cdot \ \mathsf{OD} : \mathsf{Outer} \ \mathsf{diameter} \\ \cdot \ \mathsf{ID} \quad : \mathsf{Inner} \ \mathsf{diameter} \\$ 

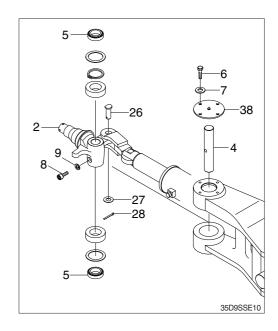
### 3) DISASSEMBLY

- \*\* Servicing work on the knuckle part can be carried out without removing the axle assy from chassis. The work can be done by jacking up the counter weight part of the truck.
- (1) Loosen the hub nut (46) and take off the steering wheel tire.



- (2) Remove hub cap (20).
- (3) Pull out split pin (19) and remove slotted nut (18) and washer (45).
- (4) Using the puller, take off the hub (14) together with the taper roller bearing (16, 17).
- \* Be very careful because just before the hub comes off, taper roller bearing will fall out.
- (5) After hub (14) is removed take off the inner race of the taper roller bearing (16, 17).
- (6) Pull out oil seal (15).
- \* Don't use same oil seal twice.
- (7) Repeat the same procedure for the other side. Moreover, when disassembling is completed, part the slotted nut in the knuckle to protect the threaded portion.
- (8) Loosen special bolt (8) and spring washer (9).
- (9) Remove hexagon bolt (6) and upper cover (38).
- (10) Push out the king pin (4) without damaging the knuckle arm (2).
- (11) If defect is observed in taper roller bearing (5), pull it out by using extractor.
- (12) Remove spilt pin (28), plain washer (27) and clevis pin (26).





### 4) ASSEMBLY

\*\* In reassembling, have all parts washed, grease applied to lubricating parts, and all expendable items such as oil seal and spring washers replaced by new ones.

Perform the disassembly in reverse order.

- (1) Tighten the special bolt (8) and washer (9) of king pin (4).
- (2) There is a notch in the middle of the king pin (4), make sure that this notch is on the special bolt side.
- (3) Do not hammer to drive in taper roller bearing(5) because it will break.Always use drive-in tool.Be sure that the fixed ring of the bearing is placed in position facing the knuckle (3).

### (4) Hub

- ① Mount oil seal (15) and inner race of taper roller bearing (16) on the knuckle. The bearing should be well greased before assembling.
- ② Install the outer race of the taper roller bearing (17) in the wheel center and assemble to the knuckle.
- ③ Put the plain washer (45) in place, tighten the slotted nut (18) and lock with split pin (19). In locking with split pin, locate the hole for the split pin by turning the nut back 1/6 of a turn. Adjust the preload of bearing.
- Mount the hub cap (20) and tighten with bolt (36).
- \* Apply loctite #609 on the contact surface of the hub cap (20).
- \* Apply loctite #277 on the thread of the bolt (36).
- \* Bearing should be well greased before assembling.

